









# Join the Crowd that goes to McLEAN'S on Friday and Saturday and get Full Value for Your Money

## MEN'S DEPARTMENT

### MEN'S SWEATER COATS, \$2.00 to \$7.50

Have just received a new shipment of Men's Sweater Coats that are of exceptionally good value; they are in plain White, Blue, Brown, Grey, Green and Maroon; and in combinations of Green and Red, Grey and Blue, Grey and Brown, and many others which are very pretty. In all sizes, with shawl or military collars. Prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$7.50

### MEN'S SILK-LINED GLOVES, \$1.00 to \$3.00

We carry a complete line of Men's Silk-Lined Gloves in Grey Suede, Tan Suede, and Tan Cape; in all sizes. Prices from \$1.00 to \$3.00

### MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS, 50c. to \$2.25

Our stock of Men's and Boys' Caps are of the choicest cloths and patterns, in Tweeds and Worsted with fine interlining; prices ranging from 50c. to \$2.25

## MILLINERY

Another shipment of Ladies' Hats have just arrived and are very nice and attractive and we would ask you to visit our Millinery Department and see these new hats, also our

Special Table at \$3.95

## LADIES' COATS

We have this year the largest and best assorted stock of LADIES' COATS we have ever carried, and invite your inspection.

Our Special line in Blanket Cloths and Fancy Tweeds,

Extra Good Values at \$12.00

### LADIES' DRESSES, \$9.00 to \$16.00

We have added a splendid line of Dresses to our Ready-to-Wear stock this year, and are sure they will meet with the approval of the Ladies of Red Deer.

We have Velvets, Serges and Silks in a good range of colors, good values, from \$9.00 to 16.00

We are also in a position to take special orders for Dresses, at very reasonable prices, and have them delivered in from 6 to 8 days.

# SPECIAL FOR THE MEN FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

### EXTRA SPECIAL in SHIRTS, 95c.

For Friday and Saturday we are going to throw our entire stock of Men's Negligee Shirts in both hard and soft cuffs in very neat and up-to-date patterns, in all sizes; ranging from \$1.50 to \$2.25. Notice! Nothing below \$1.50. No Reserve.

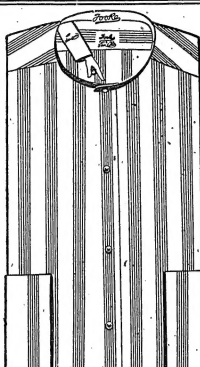
Extra Special, Friday and Saturday, 95c.

### MEN'S HATS

Extra Special in Hats, 95c.

We have selected for Friday and Saturday a line of Men's Choice Felt Hats in the new shades and styles; in all sizes. Prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Extra Special, Friday and Saturday, 95c.



### MEN'S SUITS, \$10.00

A very dressy Suit in Brown Tweed with neat stripes. Exceptionally good value at

\$10.00

### MEN'S SUITS, \$13.50

Also an up-to-date Suit in Brown Worsted with a neat stripe, at

\$13.50

### BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS AND BLOOMERS

Our stock of Boys' Suits is complete in every detail, in Tweeds and Worsted with neat stripes, which we are sure will meet with your approval. Prices ranging from

\$3.50 to \$6.50

Also the Boys' Bloomers in Tweeds and Worsteds, in Brown Serges and Heather Mixtures. Prices ranging from

\$1.00 to \$1.65

## LADIES, ATTENTION!

Our Ready-to-Wear Department is Now Complete

We have been particularly careful this season to buy garments in the most approved styles and newest materials, made by one of the foremost Ladies' Tailoring establishments in Canada—Northway's, of Toronto.

25 Per Cent Off Any Ladies' Suit in stock

As a special inducement we are offering our entire stock of Ladies' Suits at 25 per cent less than regular marked prices. We have only space to mention one line, but have many more to choose from.

Our regular Fall and Winter \$25.00 Suits

In the following colors: Copenhagen, brown, sand, navy, black and grey; Fancy Tweeds, French Serges, Men's Wear Serge and Whipcord

Extra Special for This Week, \$18.75

## SHOE DEPARTMENT

Ladies' Shoes, \$2.95



For FRIDAY and SATURDAY we have selected a line of Ladies' Shoes in the following well-known makes: Walk-Over, McPherson, Invictus and C. P. Ford, in Vici Kid, Gun Metal, Patent and Russet. These Shoes are all new stock and the Regular price is \$5.00 & \$6.00. Sizes, 2½, 3, 3½ and 4.



Extra Special, Friday & Saturday, \$2.95

## SHAVING GOODS

GILLETTE and AUTO-STROP RAZORS.  
BLADES for all safety varieties.  
STROPPING MACHINES for sharpening blades, 40c. to \$4.50

SHAVING SOAP, in cream, powder and stick, 25c.  
LOTIONS for After Shaving, 25c.  
BLADES RE-SHARPENED, better than new, 40c. doz.

Post Card size Buster  
Brown Camera, \$5.00

Agency for all Ansco Photo Goods

## THE STANDARD DRUG CO.

"Prescription Store"  
PHONE 49—if you cannot call

### The News

RED DEER. ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave. South.  
Subscription \$1.00 per year if paid in advance.  
\$1.50 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.  
JNO. A. CARSWELL,  
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6th, 1915.

### BREAKERS AHEAD.

"Unless steps are taken to effectively accelerate the payment of taxes to the city, Edmonton will be bankrupt on December 31st, 1915." These words were the opening remarks of Mayor Henry, of Edmonton, before the Industrial Association in that city, last Friday.

Not only Edmonton up against it hard but all other cities of the west are straining every nerve to meet their obligations.

The cities of the east are in very little better plight, and the great cry for retrenchment is heard on every side, and expenditures are being closely watched and criticized as never before in the history of Canada.

Red Deer is no exception to the general rule. About thirty thousand dollars must be raised to carry on the necessary expenditures of this city to the end of the year.

A goodly portion of this amount is for debentures falling due, and most of the balance is for school purposes. Where the money is coming from is extremely difficult to discover.

Citizens, especially large ratepayers, must be urged to the breaking point to pay up their taxes, although we believe they have done all they could up to the present to help along the good work.

In the face of these facts—in the face of the fact that the Western General Electric Company stated they would not take a dollar less than a quarter of a million for their plant; in the face of the fact that nearly every leading citizen protests that the present is not an opportune moment to take over the plant at any price; in the face of the fact that the bank contents it would insure our credit; in the face of the fact that the city has never been allowed to look into the physical assets of the company—a motion was introduced at the last Council meeting by Alderman Coote, and carried by a majority of one, and that one an employee of the Western General Electric Co., making the company an offer of two hundred thousand dollars for their plant, subject to the clauses of the offer made by the company.

If the company should accept, and a by-law be submitted to the people, we believe the ratepayers will turn it down by a big majority.

The small ratepayer in many cases will say, why should he be asked to help pay such an enormous price for light which we do not use, and water which we cannot get? Let those who use pay. I will not burden myself with such a load.

The big ratepayer is opposed to it because he knows it will increase his taxes, as the price is too high, and there would never be a chance of reducing the rate for years without a corresponding increase of taxes. The small man knows his property will have to be mortgaged for the two hundred thousand dollars whether he uses the light or not.

This motion of Alderman Coote's completely shuts off any action regarding termination of the pumping agreement, and will have the most far-reaching results of any motion

ever presented to the Council of Red Deer.

A week ago Thursday night the Commissioners in their report said the pumping agreement had to be settled at once, but the discussion was deferred, in motion of Alderman Coote, to Monday evening of last week, but at that meeting the question was completely ignored, although of the greatest importance to the city, and the question of making an offer to the Western General Electric Co., that very few people want, occupied the whole attention of the meeting.

Alderman Coote and Watson succeeded in shelving the question of passing a by-law before the first of November to take over the pumping plant, as there would not be time now to do so before that date.

This taking upon themselves the great responsibility of completely blocking off any expression of the voice of the ratepayers as to whether they really desire to terminate the pumping agreement, and do this on a pump, is a grave position to be in, and would indicate that they were not looking after the interests of the city as they should.

During the recent session of the Anglican General Synod, in Toronto, a writer charged the Synod with lip loyalty, when it was pointed out that 70 per cent. of the Canadian soldiers now at the front belong to the Anglican Church. There is nothing in the history of the church of which she should be proud; and nothing that other churches should so much envy as this magnificent record. It will be some time before the Church of England will be charged with lip loyalty again.

## Whole Aspect of War Has Been Changed by Five Days' Fighting

London, October 1.—The Daily Chronicle's military correspondent says: "The last five days have changed the whole aspect of the war—they have brought eventual victory within the region of absolute and calculable certainty. They have shown that the mastery in the west now belongs definitely to the Allies in such degree that whenever at whatever point the hammer stroke is now delivered it will go crashing through series of lines of fortifications upon which the enemy has spent twelve months of strenuous attention of scientific ingenuity and upon the security of which all his hope, not only of victory, but of a honorable peace, as he calls it, are entirely based."

BRINGS END NEARER.  
"Each new stroke will bring the inevitable end nearer. After a time it will cease to be a matter of chipping deeply the surface. Suddenly a vital spot will be reached, and then will come the sudden shrinking of the German line and the abandonment of a large part, perhaps all, of the occupied territory."

"Such a point, for example, is the midway junction near Grand Pere, north of Argonne, upon which the French are directing their efforts from Massiges. The moment the railway is reached the position of the crown prince in the Argonne woods becomes threatened and the long and costly German efforts to turn the Meuse heights from the rear will have been brought to nothing."

A GENERAL RETIREMENT.  
The abandonment of the Argonne would mean in the long run a general German retirement along the whole line, probably to the line of the Samble and the Meuse. Similarly, the British capture of Labasse and Lens would be followed by the shrinkage of the whole German line before Lille.

"The tale of booty, gratifying as it is, is nothing like as heartening as the clear and unquestionable proof of France and Belgium, but the definite defeat of the enemy is within our power. That is the lesson of the last 15 days offensive."

## South Alberta Branch Canadian Patriotic Fund

Last year's contributions to the Canadian Patriotic Fund are now about exhausted. A year ago it was thought that about 1,000 soldiers' families in Alberta would receive aid from the fund; at the present time over 3,400 Alberta families are being cared for.

Increased need requires a new appeal for funds. Canadians did their duty last year. They will do it this year. If you cannot go to the front, you can help to support the families of those who have gone. \$1,000,000.00 will be distributed in Alberta this year. Of this amount, \$500,000.00 will be distributed to families in the South Alberta District. If the people of Alberta contribute one half of the amount required in this province, the balance will be made up in parts of Canada where fewer families require aid and where the rate of enlistment is not so high as here. Alberta stands first in the Provincial rate of enlistment in Canada.

The fund is a national one as much as the army; just as a man when he enlists becomes a member of the army at large, so a contribution to the Patriotic Fund becomes part of the national fund. The needs of localities are met by the Canadian Patriotic Fund, regardless of contributions from districts.

The Committee does not sit in judgment of any man who does not wear the khaki. Those who stay at home, however, are asked to contribute as much as possible, so that the soldiers' wives and children may be properly maintained while the bread winners are fighting for the defence of the Empire and of our homes.

At this crisis, every loyal British subject is willing to do his share. Sometimes we hear the assertion that the Government of Canada should do the work now being carried on by the Canadian Patriotic Fund. Usually, those who advance this idea are not able to suggest how this might be done, nor do they appear to have foreseen the results.

The Canadian Government cannot discriminate between families. The Government Separation Allowance is given without favor, alike to the wife of the millionaire and to that of the poor man—the same rate to each. The wife in the former case has no claim because of need, while in the latter case the separation allowance is not sufficient to support the family, even on the most economical scale. Hence, the Patriotic Fund, acting with discrimination, considers the special circumstances of each case, brings up each family's income to a reasonable level of subsistence, thus building on the foundation which the Government has laid.

If the Government supported all the soldiers' families, the majority of Canadian "stay-at-homes" would be deprived of the privilege of taking any part in the war.

Loyal talk will not beat Germany. Men and money will. You surely cannot cheer for the boys who stay at home unless you fight or pay.

Subscribe to the Patriotic Fund and help its work in every way you can.

The accounts and books of every Branch are audited by the Auditor-General of Canada.

"Fight or Pay." God Save the King.

## NOTICE!

Department of Indian Affairs.

### TENDERS FOR FLOUR

SEALED TENDERS endorsed "Tenders for Flour" and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon of Wednesday, the 13th October, 1915, for delivery on or before the 1st November next, of the undermentioned quantities of flour, or any portion thereof, at the points named herein.

Flour to be equal to the standard sample, which has been ground from this season's wheat crop, and which may be viewed in the Department of Indian Affairs, at Ottawa, the Indian Office at Winnipeg, the Indian Agent's Office at Lethbridge, and the Dominion Lands Office at Calgary, Edmonton, Prince Albert, Battleford, Lethbridge and Macleod. The flour should be fresh ground, put up in sacks containing 100 lbs. net, and double sacked. The inner sack to be of grey cotton, three yards to the pound, free from dressing, and which six ounces when made up; the outer sack to be of jute, sewn with strong twine and to weigh fourteen ounces; sack known to trade as "two pound bag," the outer sack to be legibly branded with the name of the manufacturer, and net weight of flour within.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in favor of the "Secretary of the Department of Indian Affairs" on a Canadian Bank for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for.

The unauthorized insertion of this advertisement will not be paid for.

DUNCAN C. SCOTT,  
Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs.

Ottawa, 22nd September, 1915.

Agencies Points of Delivery Quantities

Black Lake, Sask. 175

Carlton Place, Sask. 100

Battleford, Sask. 100

Edmonton, Alberta, 200

Hobbema, Alberta, 50

Barrow, Alberta, 50

Blanchet, Alberta, 300

Blanchet, Alberta, 300

Blanchet, Alberta, 300

## Bulgarian Alliance With Huns Would Bring About Revolution

London, October 2.—Sir Edwin Pears, one of the greatest living authorities on the Balkans, discussing the Bulgarian situation, said: "The position of the Bulgarian people is this: Russia is spoken of as Bulgaria's deliverer, and in nearly every cottage you will see a portrait of Czar Alexander. In hundreds of thousands of them you will see another of Gladstone or Salisbury. The present king is an Orientalist and his family connections are with Austria rather than with Russia. Still, he has made great sacrifices in order to obtain the throne and maintain himself there. The people have no belief that he has identified his interests with those of his country, but they mistrust him on the side of Austria. However, I am convinced that if he attempts to bring in Bulgaria to fight on the side of Austria, there would be a revolution, and it would probably end in the nation getting rid of royal family."

## Some Marvelous Mementoes of Wars

Dr. George is looking over his curios in the Red Deer Museum has

the following mementoes of various wars:

A bayonet and flintlock pistol used in the taking of Quebec in 1759.

Some relics, bullets and buttons from the war of 1815.

Relics of the Neut affair.

Button from the American civil war.

Button of a Russian taken during the Crimea.

A brass Buddha from the Indian Mutiny.

A jade God taken from Emperor's Palace at Peking Boxer War.

Silver locket from Tein Sien.

Zulu knife and spearhead from Zulu Drift, Zulu War.

Dervishes' necklace from Battle of Athara.

Many relics from Great Boer War.

Officer's sash from battle of Majuba Hill, first Boer War.

Rifle, gun and pipe, 1885 Rebellion.

Blatton, Spanish Cavalry, Spanish-American War.

Danish war medal.

Spear made to repel Fenians.

Piece of wood from Nelson's battleship, the Trydroyant.

Piece of wood of one of the Spanish ships of the Armada, Elizabeth's reign.

## Lacombe

(Globe)

After an illness extending over several years, Mrs. G. T. Jackson, beloved wife of G. T. Jackson, C.P.R. agent here, died on Friday last, aged thirty-four years. Deceased was a resident of Lacombe for the past

years, and had a host of friends among our citizens. About five years ago she was stricken with that dread disease, consumption, and although everything within human power was done to effect a cure, all efforts were without avail, and she passed to her rest on Friday night, surrounded by her sorrowing family and other relatives.

Findlay McLean, a well-known resident of Jones' Valley, died yesterday at his home at the advanced age of eighty-one years.

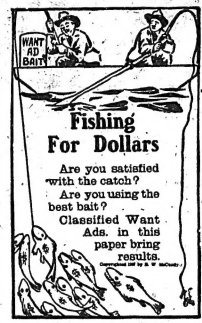
Emory Shillito left for Calgary on Monday with the intention of enlisting with one of the regiments forming there. W. Grant, late teacher of the Bentley school, has also enlisted, and is in the University Corps.

Miss Madge Threlkell left this week for Montreal, where she takes the boat to England, leaving on October 4th. Miss Threlkell is entering the Red Cross work as a nurse, and her many friends wish her success and God speed.

## Castor

(Advances)

Unfavorable weather conditions interfered with the Fair programme at Coramotion on Thursday and Friday last, but interior exhibits of farm produce, dairy and industrial exhibits were in abundance. The big pumpkin and the educated squash kept company with the long parsnip and the eyespot potato, while scores of barnyard fowl screamed and cackled at the sheaves of grain and preserved fruit. The officials of the Fair had things well in hand, and judging was fairly satisfactory and



**Fishing For Dollars**

Are you satisfied with the catch? Are you using the best bait? Classified Want Ads in this paper bring results.

# "IT PAYS TO PAY CASH"

## Our Proposition

Make your selection from any catalogue, send the order to us with a money order for the amount, or send Butter and Eggs—something you cannot do with any distant mail-order house—and we will fill the order to your entire satisfaction at catalogue prices plus carriage charges.

We will give equal or better values, at the same prices, and a very much quicker service.

Include in your order everything you want and we will procure any lines we do not carry assuring you good value, and the least possible delay.

In explanation, we have a clever woman buyer who represents you in the selection of goods for your order and she is just as keen in your interest as you would be yourself, the best evidence of which is the fact that we rarely have any goods returned, even when sent on approval.

Our Guarantee accompanies every sale embracing "Your money back if dissatisfied."

This store believes it is up to you catalogue buyers to spend your money in your own town—to help build up your own community—particularly when it costs you no more, and it is more convenient.

Part of every dollar you spend at home will find its way back to you, while a dollar you spend out of town is like an hour of your life. "You can't get it back again, it's gone."

## "IT PAYS TO PAY CASH"

### AT LORD'S!

### OUR LINES COMPRISE

Dress Goods, Silks, Linens, Canadian and Imported Staples, Fancy Dry Goods, Dress Trimmings, Notions, Smallwares, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Whitewear, Underwear, Flannels, Yarns, Materials for Fancy Work.

Ready-to-wear Garments for Ladies, Maids and Children, for all purposes; Millinery in up-to-date Models, and stocks for all ages; Men's Furnishings in all lines, Clothing for Men, Youths and Boys; Boots and Shoes, including the good lines of Canadian and American manufacture, for Men, Women, Girls, Boys and Infants.

GROCERIES—Always fresh and of highest standard, including Flour, Cereals and Produce of all kinds.

CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA and TOYS are the prominent features of this store, where you are served well, and where we are pleased to procure any lines we do not carry to complete any order.



## That There May Be No Misunderstanding

as to how we conduct our Mail Order Department, we repeat, in other words, the summing up of previous announcements. You make your selection from any up-to-date catalogue of any mail order house anywhere, and send it to us, with cash or money order for the amount, and we fill the order to your entire satisfaction. This may sound like a broad statement, but we have been doing it for months and we can do it for you, giving you equal or better values, saving time in delivery, consequently a better service, and, best of all, keeping your money circulating at home where a portion of it will eventually find its way back to you.

The General Sales Staff has nothing to do with mail orders. Your orders receive the attention of a special staff and you have my guarantee that the goods will be delivered usually by return mail and never longer than is required elsewhere.

*A. E. Chare*





## Had Eczema 20 Years CURED BY ZAM-BUK

Mr. Joseph Johnson, 694, Broom St., New York, writes: "Over twenty years ago eczema appeared on my hands and face. I went to a doctor, but this treatment afforded only temporary relief. Finding medical attention and treatment of little avail I commenced to try first one and then another of the so-called remedies which were recommended, but for over twenty years I suffered from this painful, humiliating disease. During this time I spent hundreds of dollars and all I got was temporary relief. At last Zam-Buk was suggested to me; I decided to give it a trial, but did not expect a cure.

"The first few applications proved this remedy entirely different to the scores of preparations I had used in vain. Perseverance with Zam-Buk and Zam-Buk Soap, I am now completely cured to say, has effected a complete cure.

"Zam-Buk is beyond all question a marvelous preparation and I most heartily recommend it to all sufferers from eczema."

"Think of it, suffering 'day' in and out for twenty years! Think of the grip this disease must have had on the entire system! Think of the healing power of Zam-Buk which, despite the long-standing nature of the disease, effected a cure! How much more easily and more quickly the cure could have been effected had Zam-Buk been applied at the outset! If you suffer from any skin disease or injury, piles, ulcers, abscess, rheumatism or scabies, take this lesson to heart. Try Zam-Buk first and give it a fair trial.

"At all druggists and stores, or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, 506 box 3 for \$1.25. Zam-Buk Soap, 25c tablet. Send to stamp, this ad., and name of paper, and we will mail you free sample of Zam-Buk."

## Great Offensive Will Be Success, Says Authority

### Allies Have a Preponderance of Power in Guns and Shells

Paris, October 2.—The Allies have the guns and the shells that will carry the present great offensive to victory, Senator Stephen Pichon, former foreign minister of France, declared in an interview yesterday.

"This is the great offensive, but it has only begun," said Senator Pichon. "It will be thrust home, before it stops, of that I am convinced."

"Until the present we lacked materials. We had no heavy artillery. Our ammunition supplies were insufficient. We are now amply provided with everything needed. We have both big guns and plenty of shells. If from now on we are only favored by the weather, I am sure things will go nicely."

**TIMES HAVE CHANGED.**  
"Souchez and the German positions near Vimy are now in our hands, as you see in the communiques. We are making steady progress on every front. What may occasionally appear as a slackening of the great offensive need cause no surprise. Battles are not fought today as they were in the days when 100,000 men were a great army and hours or a few days sufficed to score a great victory.

The weather is now one of the big factors in the battle along the German front. It may make or mar the success of important movements. On account of the increased importance of artillery, a heavy rainfall

### Germany Fails to Satisfy U. S.

Washington, October 2.—Germany has failed to satisfy the request of the United States that the sinking of the Arabic with a loss of American lives be disclosed and liability for the act assumed by the imperial government. This became known after a conference tonight between President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing at which the latter submitted a note given him yesterday in New York by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador.

No announcement was made after the white house conference. Secretary Lansing said merely that it was inadvisable to comment on the situation while the negotiations were still confidential.

While the situation has improved to the extent that there is no danger of an immediate break in diplomatic relations, as the note affords opportunity for further negotiation. It was stated reliably the final refusal by Germany to meet the American viewpoint on the Arabic case might bring about the threatened rupture.

**Innisfail**  
A disastrous fire visited Innisfail last night on Tuesday last, totally destroying a one-story frame building on Pine street, utilized by J. W. Dobson as a machine shop, and doing up the adjacent stables and the English church rectory. These latter buildings were only saved from destruction by the splendid work of the fire brigade. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

Quite a number of Innisfailians attended the eighth annual fair at Milnerton on Tuesday last week. Splendid weather was the order of the day, and a large and prosperous crowd was in attendance. All classes were well filled with exhibits of splendid quality.

### WILL RELIEVE RUSSIA.

"It undoubtedly will relieve the situation there much," he replied. "Considerable pressure will be taken off the Russian army. On the whole our successes undoubtedly will have a great value both in a military and diplomatic way. Yes, you may certainly say that this is the beginning of the great offensive."

Senator Pichon is one of the most powerful figures in the present day of France. He is a world authority on international affairs and a careful, deep thinker. His schooling in diplomacy has made understatement, rather than overstatement, second nature to him.

## LOYALTY TO CANADA AND HER WORKSHOPS

Women Shoppers Can do Most For "Made-in-Canada" When They Are Making Purchases

The editor of the "Department Store Magazine," a United States publication, has a strong article on the "Made-in-America" movement, which is a feature of United States commercial life today. Speaking of the place that women occupy in the nation's purchasing, he says:

"Upon the great mass of intelligent American women, who daily stream through the doors of our forty-five hundred department stores, rests a heavy weight of responsibility. It is for them to say whether some of the greatest industries in the country shall suffer or whether they shall come through the crisis stronger and more prosperous than ever."

"America can make a very thing that is necessary to the life and happiness of any man or woman. The most luxurious and beautiful fabrics can be produced here. Our carpets and rugs imitate the cunning of the Oriental weaver and often surpass any work in originality of pattern. The furniture, the glassware, the ceramics, and our glass and china goods compare favorably with the finest importations."

The remaining three paragraphs are also taken from Mr. Platt's article, but in each case we have substituted the word "Canada" for "America," as there is no doubt in our minds that the United States applies equally as well to those made in Canada. In fact the case is an even greater reason why Canada should be loyal to the products of her own workshops and her own workmen. Canada is a young country in the early stages of industrial development. It has a small population spread thinly over a large area. Unless all interests in Canada combine to promote the general welfare, our progress is sure to be much slower than that of the more advanced nations.

"Made in Canada" should be the motto of every shopper who enters a store. It is more than a mere trade slogan; it is a precept of patriotism. "Made in Canada" means happy working people in Canada; it means that pay envelopes in thousands of Canadian homes on Saturday night; it means the banishment of the beggar of hard times and the return of prosperity for all of us despite the war. And after this war is over it means a greater Canada than ever before, a Canada that will supply the world and reap the reward of a higher patriotism than that which is being evoked by European cannon.

All this can be accomplished if every purchaser who enters a store will choose Canadian made goods. The great merchants are eager to meet this demand, and it is up to the shopper to see that the good things made in Canada do not lie idle on the shelves.

### FIRST SENTRY DUTY

Everything Plays Ghoulish Pranks With Raw Soldier's Nerves

A member of the French Foreign Legion writes: "Possibly it was not fair to make the men go on sentry duty the first night in the trenches but still, there were the lives of the others to protect. It was a fair mistake, the moon had a nasty habit of throwing twisted shadows. One could just see the German lines, which were quite close, and horrible shapes lurked in that depth of darkness."

One cannot be too careful that trench advance towards the enemy zig-zag fashion, while the actual trenches are formed as corrugated paper and edged with barbed wire. We were stationed one in each bend of the line, in easy earshot, but completely out of sight of each other.

On occupying the post, provided one's work is done conscientiously, the sharp eyes are alert, and one always feels that something is going to happen. It is far too quiet for a battlefield, one reflects. The Germans must be creeping up. After straining the eyes in the darkness for a few minutes the shadows begin to dance, the props to which the barbed wires are fixed a few yards before you assume human form, while the uncollected bundles of hay become corpses or crouching "Boches."

The wet black nights are the "nervous" nights. Impossible to see a yard before one, the least sound of the high-strung nerves suggests a horde of Germans creeping up.

"Look out there," whispered an eerie voice, "those two bundles of hay are moving forward. I can hear someone breathing behind them." One recalls the advancing word dodge in "Macbeth" and the words of the porter: "Before you have further time to reflect your companion lies there. There follows a hideous yell, the stick quivers, and something black blazes past you. The poor old sergeant's cat has had his tail amputated by a bullet! And a view to a further hour the corps catch it at once. It is still there—lying very close to the ear and hiding its head in the bushes. Next morning you look over the trench to verify or explain the mystery of the shadow we shot at. It is still there—the corpse of a soldier left unburied.

—London Daily Mail.

## Speeding Up of Canada's Trade and Commerce Organizations

SPLENDID WORK DONE BY SIR GEORGE FOSTER BRINGS RESULTS

### Canadian Industries Able to Withstand All Trade Disruption

THE work which the Department of Trade and Commerce under the administration of Sir George Foster would have been an immensely valuable one in times of peace, and its results were, in fact, bringing important and far-reaching benefits to the Dominion prior to the outbreak of war. But the real value of what the Minister of Trade and Commerce has done and is doing has been proven by war conditions. The fact that Canadian industries and Canadian trade have been able so successfully to withstand the paralyzing influences of a trade disruption that has been world wide, is due in no small degree to the wise, prudent, and far-sighted policy pursued by the Minister of Trade and Commerce, first in equipping the Department to cope with such conditions, and secondly in bringing the improved service into the closest co-operation with the rank of Canadian industry and trade.

The Department of Trade and Commerce under Sir George Foster's

Not the least useful change has been in connection with the Weekly Report published by the Department for the information of Canadian business men. This report, which has been years suffered from a lack of what newspaper editors call "live news," is now one of the most valuable of all the Government publications.

Trade With West Indies. Very soon after taking office as Minister of Trade and Commerce, Sir George Foster took up the question of improved trade conditions as between Canada and the British West Indies. This opportunity had been long neglected, although its existence had been known in Canada as far back as 1892 when, as a member of the then Government, the present Minister visited the islands in the interests of trade extension. There was no neglect of it after the return of the Borden Government. Sir George Foster at once upon assuming office, resulted in a visit of British West Indian delegates to Ottawa and the conclusion of a reciprocal trade agreement, which has been mutually beneficial in a very large degree.

Canadian Representatives. Sir George Foster's wide knowledge of Imperial trade conditions led to his selection by the British Government as Canadian representative on the Dominions Royal Commission. This Commission was engaged just prior to the war in visiting the various Dominions of the Empire and collecting statistical and other information with regard to the resources, production, and trade of the several Dominions with a view to possible improvements. The Commission's work, although incomplete owing to the outbreak of the war, has been done with peculiar thoroughness and will prove of immense value to the organization of Imperial trade which is certain to follow when the war closes. Interim reports already issued by the Commission contain most valuable information with regard to the present and possible development of Imperial trade.

The Grain Commission. The administrative activities of the Minister of Trade and Commerce have by no means been confined to the development of the external trade of the Dominion. The Canadian producer has not been forgotten. Canada, although the greatest wheat-growing Dominion in the Empire, was sadly hampered up to a few years ago by the inadequacy of grain-handling facilities. The result was that the grain-growers were not those of transportation alone. The lack of proper handling facilities, and a very serious one. Sir George Foster removed it. Under his direction the Government has built a string of public-owned and operated terminal elevators from the Great Lakes to the Mountains, is building another on the Pacific coast at Vancouver, and plans to build yet another at Port Nelson in connection with the construction of the Hudson's Bay Railway. The last of the prairie elevators, that at Calgary, is in operation this fall. The Grain Act also was overhauled, its defects removed, and its benefits made more directly applicable.

About War Contracts. During the early months of the war Sir George Foster had much to do with the British Government's war purchases in Canada, and in this capacity he showed himself as keenly alert in the details of practical business as in the larger questions of departmental administration.

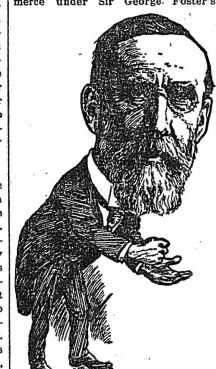
The ocean freight rate problem was being dealt with by Sir George Foster before the outbreak of the war. The question increased in magnitude and in difficulty with the withdrawal of so many large ships from the Canadian service by the British Admiralty, and became most acute this fall with the necessity of providing adequate tonnage for the transportation of Canadian wheat. Sir George Foster has given to this matter his undivided attention and study, with the result that arrangements are being made which will go far toward the solution of the whole problem.

Was Acting Prime Minister. Sir George Foster while in Ottawa was the acting head of the Government during the absence of Sir Robert Borden in England. His long administrative experience has been called upon for duties of this kind, and all things went well under his guidance.

Well-Earned Recognition. The many friends of Bert Clark will be pleased to know that after eight months of fighting on the continent, he is now back in England, and in receipt of a commission in the 12th Reserve Battalion, and will be at Sherwood for six weeks, when he will return to the fighting line.

Bert has been in the thick of the fight since the first Canadians went to the front, and he is one of the thirteen of the 1100 "Princess Pats" who have escaped disbandment of any kind so far.

News from the front from three to five would indicate that Bert has well earned his commission, and his friends around Olds offer him congratulations and sincerely hope he will return through the hands of his father, who can be justly proud of the part their boy has played in the struggle for British liberty.—Olds Gazette.



SIR GEORGE FOSTER, Minister of Trade and Commerce. Sketch by McConnell.

guidance has taken its rightful place as a directing factor in the creation, improvement, and expansion of Canadian trade. The Department in the last four years has been brought up to a point of efficiency and of direct usefulness which has been of the utmost consequence to Canada during a period of severe commercial strain.

A Rich Experience. Sir George Foster was able to bring to this work of reorganization a rich experience, the fruits of years of study, and a capacity for work which has always been the wonder and admiration of those who have been brought within its range. As a seasoned administrator, as one familiar from close association with the growth of Canada, recognized internationally as an authority on commercial and fiscal questions, Sir George Foster had, in taking charge of this important Government department, an unequalled grasp and understanding of those questions with which he had to deal.

From the outset his administration has been fruitful. His first work was to enlighten the existing machinery, to improve it, and to add to it. He oiled the wheels, he greased the gears, he tightened the screws. The steps which he took were taken far in advance of the war, yet not far in advance of the possibility of war.

How far Sir George Foster has seen into the future nobody knows but himself, but the fact remains that the unflinching attention and study, with the result that arrangements are being made which will go far toward the solution of the whole problem.

Seeking Trade Openings. He gave his attention from the beginning to the development and strengthening of the external trade of the Dominion in existing paths and to blazing new trails of commerce. He created a new office: that of Commissioner of Commerce, and installed in it a man of wide experience, Mr. Richard Grigg, until then a British trade representative in Canada. Mr. Grigg not long afterwards undertook an official journey through the Orient and part of Russia, opening out new markets in parts of the world where there exist trade possibilities of great importance to the Dominion. Since the outbreak of war another agent has been sent into Russia, Mr. C. F. Foster, former Canadian trade agent in Germany.

Since the war an agent has also been sent to Oriental and other countries with a view to discovering markets for British Columbia timber, and a very important trade is expected to develop as a result of this step. The Commissioner of Commerce visited British Columbia this summer in connection with this enterprise.

British Consular Service. Each step of this kind is taken under the close personal supervision of the Minister of Trade and Commerce. Improvements in the trade service are still being made. One of the early benefits obtained for Canadian commerce by Sir George Foster was the placing of the whole British consular service at the disposal of

# A FEW FALL HARDWARE PRICES

## \$36.00 Kitchen Ranges \$36.00

A Full size 6-hole Kitchen Range, with High Closet and Copper Resistant \$36.00. This range is as good as any \$50.00 range sold to-day.

## Heater Stoves, from \$5.00 up

When you decide to buy a new Heater, be sure to see ours. We have a full line of both Coal and Wood Heaters, and the prices range from \$5.00 up.

## Stove Pipes and Elbows

Our Stove Pipe is made from good heavy and well polished Iron. There is a difference in them. By getting ours, you get the good ones.

## 25c. Coal Oil 25c.

The Highest Grade Coal Oil at 25c. gall. Bring your cans and have them filled.

## Galvanized Water Pails, 35c., 45c.

12-Quart Galvanized Water Pails, 35c. each  
14-Quart " " " 45c. "

## 25c. Tin Pails 25c.

Good 10-Quart Tin Pails at 25c. each.

## Muffin Pans, 15c. & 20c.

6-Cup Muffin Pans 15c. each  
8-Cup " " 20c. "

## Wash Tubs, 95c.

Galvanized Wash Tubs, heavy 95c. each

## Handled Axes, 95c.

High grade Handled Axes, worth \$1.50 For 95c.

## 5c. Lamp Chimneys 5c.

Either size, A or B Lamp Chimneys 5c. each

## Nail Hammers, 75c.

This is a High Quality Steel Carpenter's Nail Hammer, Regular price, 90c. For 75c.

## Brick Trowels, 45c.

Good handy Steel Trowels. Reg. 75c. Now selling at 45c.

# SPECIALS IN THRESHERS' SUPPLIES

## Drive Belts, \$55.00

150 ft. 8 x 5 ply Canvas Drive Belts \$55.00

## Leather Belting

1 1/2 inch	25c.	5 inch	70c.
2 inch	30c.	6 inch	80c.
2 1/2 inch	40c.	7 inch	1.00
3 inch	45c.	8 inch	1.15
3 1/2 inch	55c.	9 inch	1.25
4 inch	60c.	10 inch	1.40

## Rubber Belting

4 inch	25c.	5 inch	50c.
3 inch	40c.	6 inch	60c.

## Lace Leather

Cut Lace	90c. per lb.
Sides	90c. per lb.

## Packing

Canvas Covered Sheet Packing	45c. lb.
Pure Rubber Sheet Packing	90c. lb.

## Hose

2 inch Canvas Covered Suction Hose, 20 ft. length,	\$10.75
1 inch Injector Hose, wire lined, 12 1/2 feet	\$3.00

## Bundle Forks

3-Tine Bundle Forks \$8.00 doz.

## Bushel Measures

Government stamped Bushel Measures \$1.50

## Scoop Shovels

Large size	\$1.00 each
Extra Large size	1.15 each

## 75c. Lanterns 75c.

Cold Blast Lanterns, with either the short or long globe 75c. each

## Beam Scales

150 lbs. and 200 lbs. \$8.50 each

## Grain Scoops

Handled Grain Scoops \$1.15 each

We carry a complete stock of Brass Fittings, Valves of all kinds, Lubricators, Injectors, Oil Pumps, Oil Cups and Grease Cups.

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Send us your orders by Mail, Telegraph or Phone. They will receive our very best attention.



## Yelled Insults At The French In The Trenches

THEY DIDN'T LIVE TO BOAST OF IT

Artillery Fire The Most Terrifying Feature Of The Great Drive

Paris, October 1.—The French capital is being thrilled by stories of the fighting on the western front related by soldiers wounded in the desperate combats which have resulted in important gains for the Allies.

"For several days the Germans had been getting singularly aggressive and insolent," said one of the men who charged at Souchez. "They shouted insults at us and threw into our trenches notes wrapped around potatoes. One of their favorite taunts was: 'You are too cowardly to come over here—come on, if you are not too lazy.' This ended by getting on our nerves."

IN FIRST WAVE.

"Thus when on the 25th the order came which sent us against hill No. 119 we were filled with joy. I was in the first 'wave.' We made one dash for the first trench without stopping. We knew the battle was on in earnest. We put on speed and jumped over the first trench without stopping. We knew the second 'wave' which followed would occupy the trench we passed.

"What struck me about the rush, the force and manner of which was incredible, was the smallness of our losses. Personally, I saw no one killed. Things changed, however, when we got between the first and second line of trenches. Until our supporting 'waves' arrived we underwent the united fire of both lines. It was then that a fragment of shell broke my arm and put me out of action."

SEVENTH MASS OF MEN.

Another man, wounded between Perthes and Tahure, said: "We took the offensive at 9.30. I never shall forget the spectacle of our 'wave' of assault. A seeming mass of men, clothed in uniform, hardly two alike, but all animated by the same energy, joined in the charge. I was in a stream which passed four lines of trenches in four minutes. We ran like madmen forward, always forward. At one moment we were confronted at a distance of not more than 10 yards by a 77-millimeter gun, still firing. It was soon silenced, however. Then I was hit in the chest and it was all over for me. I was carried off the field and well looked after."

AWFUL ARTILLERY FIRE.

A resident of —, who, as a guest, arrived in Paris, says the great offensive was expected because

## Turks Fleeing Before British

Addition Details of Recent Fighting in Mesopotamia Are Given Out

London, September 30.—Austin Chamberlain, secretary for India, this evening gave out additional details of the British success against the Turks in Mesopotamia. The previous report said that the Ottoman forces were in full retreat toward Bagdad, with the British in hot pursuit.

Tonight's statement says the British cavalry entered Kut-el-Amara, 99 miles southeast of Bagdad, on the Tigris River, Wednesday. The town was found to be deserted, and the Turks in flight towards Bagdad by road and river. Along the river gunboats and steamers, with an Indian brigade aboard, started in pursuit. An aeroplane dropped bombs on one of the Turk steamers.

The total prisoners captured aggregated 1,650, says the statement, but more are coming in. The Turkish force, which is commanded by Nureddin Pasha, is estimated at some 8,000 regular troops, who are assisted by a considerable number of tribesmen.

The captured positions showed the trenches had been constructed with remarkable thoroughness, having communicating trenches extending for miles, and a system of contact mines.

## Lord's Day Alliance Meeting

The members and friends of the Red Deer Branch of the Lord's Day Alliance met in annual convocation in the Presbyterian Church, Wednesday evening, Rev. W. G. Brown occupying the chair.

Following the opening exercises, Rev. Charles H. Huestis, Field Secretary for Alberta, delivered a brief but interesting address on the most important phases of his work in Alberta during the past year. The mission of the Lord's Day Alliance was termed as three-fold—to keep the people's eyes, to enforce the law, and to educate us to rightful Sabbath observance. Their general policy he referred to as one of conciliation rather than coercion, but more stringent measures might be necessary in flagrant cases of harvesting and threshing on Sunday. These, however, were practically all on new railway lines and among new settlers, where the educational system of the Alliance had not penetrated to any great extent.

Continuing, the speaker dealt with the problem of Sunday editions of publications, brought on by the present European conflict. This, if not eradicated, he asserted, would become as great a curse here as the Sunday newspaper has to the United States, which had its origin in the temporary expedient of issuing Sunday editions during the civil war.

Sunday trading, he commented, was also a chronic source of trouble, small restaurant keepers being the worst offenders, and vigilance was necessary at all times. In conclusion, Mr. Huestis made an eloquent plea for insistence on the religious observance of the Lord's Day and expressed his belief that the Alliance was doing a truly national work and was helping to preserve the finer spirit of the Dominion.

The business meeting which followed the address was largely taken up in the election of officers and discussion of ways and means of raising \$150, Red Deer's contribution to the maintenance of the Alliance. Mrs. G. W. Greene, treasurer, submitted an interim report, the year's collection being not yet to hand. The following officers and representatives were elected:

Hon. President—Mr. E. Michener, M.P.P.  
President—Mr. R. Walton.  
Vice-Presidents (ex-officio)—Clergy of the city.  
Secretary—Mr. John McVicar.  
Treasurer—Mrs. G. W. Greene.  
Auditor—Mr. L. J. Porter.  
Representatives of the churches on the executive—

An Anglican—Mr. Billingshurst.  
Methodist—Messrs. Youmans and G. W. Smith.  
Presbyterian—Messrs. Roy Byers and Richardson.  
Baptist—Messrs. E. R. Hill and A. J. Goodey.  
Nazarene—Mr. Sheline.  
Salvation Army—The Captain and Lieutenant.

The executive were charged with the duty of electing representatives of country districts contributory to the fund.

Collectors: Anglican, Miss Katie Carswell; Methodist, Miss Graves and Miss McMillan; Baptist, Mr. E. R. Hill; Nazarene, to be appointed; Presbyterian, to be appointed.

L. J. Porter was elected delegate to the annual provincial meeting, to be held in Calgary on November 2nd.

The Secretary was instructed to circulate the clergy requesting them to urge the claims of the Alliance, and if possible preach on the subject of the Lord's Day on Sunday, October 24th.

BRITISH SUBS ARE FIGHTING THE GERMANS.

London, September 25.—Despatches from Stockholm, London, reported heavy firing of the southern coast of Sweden early yesterday. It was stated that the fog was so dense that incoming ships could not see what was occurring, but it was believed that German warships were engaged with British submarines attempting to enter the Baltic.

## French Make Further Progress in Artois With Hand Grenades

Paris, October 1.—In the great battle in the Artois district, the French have made further progress by means of attacks with hand grenades on German trenches. Announcement to this effect was made today by the war office.

In the Champagne district a German counter attack near Maisons de Champagne was checked.

The Germans violently bombarded French trenches near Soupir, north of the Aisne district, but made no infantry attack.

BEARING THE BRUNT.

London, October 1.—The French are bearing the brunt of the fighting now in progress on the western front. They are hampering at the second German line in Champagne, in the direction of the Grand Poire railway and at the same time dropping bombs on the line and stations to prevent the Germans from bringing up reinforcements. Absence of news from the British front apparently indicates that these forces are occupied with consolidating their positions on the strip of territory recently won.

The British forces now in France are estimated at a round 1,000,000, which will be increased by 500,000 men. Daily lengthening of the obituary column of the London newspapers measures the price paid by the British for their recent offensive.

There is no notable change on the battle front of the east.

Vienna announces that the third Austrian war loan will bear interest at 5 1/2 per cent.

Bulgaria has not replied to the suggestion of Greece that she demobilize.

## How the Crew of British "Sub." E-13 Faced Death

All the men got up and formed into line on deck with crossed arms facing the enemy's guns, immovable as statues, and looking death in the face without moving a muscle.

They were brave men, these Englishmen.

This is part of the description given by an old fisherman of Drager, who was an eye-witness of the cowardly attack and destruction of the crew of E13 recently while in Danish waters.

In telling the story Reuter's special correspondent at Copenhagen says it reveals one of the most stirring deeds of heroism in British naval history.

DECLINED ASSISTANCE.

"We passed E13," the fisherman said, "on Thursday morning, in our boats, and could easily have taken all the crew on board and brought them ashore, but they politely declined our proffered assistance."

"A little later in the afternoon we saw the German torpedo boats approach, and we began to think matters looked serious."

"The British had launched their boats, but suddenly we heard sharp words of command and the sound of whistles, and the few men who had got into the boats immediately scrambled back on E13. The vessel was listing slightly."

"I saw the crew quietly resuming their places on deck, and some of them began playing cards and other games."

"Meanwhile the German torpedo boats were drawing closer, but none took the slightest notice. Suddenly, as a torpedo was about to strike the water, mine, and explode in the sandy bottom."

"Again came the sharp word of command, again the whistle, and the torpedo and after that the end."

The coffins of the dead British sailors from E13 were covered with hands of wreaths in Danish and British colors, when they were carried to the Vidar at Copenhagen.

The vessel was escorted by two Danish torpedo boats, and before the gathering departed the band played "God Save the King."

## Sir Wilfrid Laurier Leaves the Hospital With Added Strength

Ottawa, September 28.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has been in the general hospital for nineteen days as the result of a facial operation, left the hospital this morning and returned to his home. The former premier has been somewhat weakened by the operation and subsequent confinement, but his progress has been satisfactory and his physicians have no fears as to his complete recovery.

Sir Wilfrid expects to go to his country home at Athabascaville for a few days and afterwards take a trip to the south.

What Doctors Use For Eczema

A soothing combination of oil of Wintergreen, Thymol, and other healing ingredients called D.D.D. Prescription is now a favorite remedy of skin specialists for all skin diseases. It penetrates the pores, gives instant relief from the most distressing itch. Its soothing oils quickly heal the inflamed tissues.

Test its soothing effect. All drug-gists have a generous trial bottle for only 25c. Come and let us tell you about our money back guarantee offer to free you from your distress. Ask also about D.D.D. Soap. The Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co., Ltd. Red Deer, Alberta. D.D.D. is made in Canada.

# T. A. Gaetz

## New Goods Arriving Daily

We have just received another large shipment of Fall Dry Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Children's Winter Coats, Sweater Coats, Diagonal Suitings, Brocaded Suitings, Berlin Wool, Scotch Fingering Wool, Children's Winter Hose, Men's Wool Underwear, Etc., Etc.

## LADIES' WINTER COATS

We have received our fall stock of Ladies' Winter Coats. These are the finest stock of these goods it has ever been our privilege to show. They are certainly bargains; and it will pay you to call in and inspect these goods.

Prices from \$11.00 to \$25.00

## CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

We have just received into stock a large shipment of Children's Underwear, which comprises the best buy in these goods we have ever secured. Fits children from 2 to 12 years.

Per Suit, 50c.

## DRESS TWEEDS

In grey, brown, black, mixed tweeds and check goods. We have a large assortment of these goods—just what you require for school dresses for your girls at

Per Yard, 65c.

## BARGAINS IN LADIES' WINTER COATS, UP TO \$25 FOR \$5.95

We have twelve Ladies' Winter Coats, worth up to \$25.00, which we have placed on our bargain counter at

ONLY \$5.95

## MEN'S WEAR

Call in and inspect our stock of Men's Wear: Hewson's and Stanfield's Underwear, Sanford's Fall Overcoats and Suits. We have an up-to-date stock of these goods, and it is certainly a pleasure for us to show them.

## Men's Fleeced Underwear

We have a complete stock of the goods at

Per suit, \$1.25

## Men's All Wool Underwear

We carry a line of Hewson's All Wool Underwear; Red Label;

Per Suit, \$3.00

## Our Grocery Department

Consists of Good, Fresh Groceries, bought from our local Wholesalers.

Goods Always Fresh; Prices Right

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## THANKS-GIVING

Going dates, October 8th-11th

Return limit, Oct. 13

Full information as to fares, etc., from any C.P.R. Agent, or from  
**R. DAWSON,**  
Dist. Passenger Agent, Calgary.

## Correspondence

Red Deer, September 27th, 1915.

Dear Sir,

I noticed in last week's News what one of our citizens considers a real grievance in regard to the city pound laws. It shows ignorance, as well as selfishness, on his part. Ignorance in thinking the poundkeeper gets all of that dollar, when he gets only a small part; selfishness, as he evidently wants to turn his stock out to live on other people's property.

If he would stop long enough in his mad rush for the mighty dollar to read the pound laws, which are always posted up in the poundkeeper's office, he would see that he is entitled to know who makes the complaint, who drives his cattle in the time of day they are driven in, and who gets the money.

It is really amusing to see the different ways people look at it. Some will say they are glad their animals were driven in before they did any damage. Others want to lick the poundkeeper.

All cities the size of Red Deer have of necessity a pound law, and any law not enforced of course is useless. Any one with ordinary judgment can see that the city pound law could not be properly enforced on a fine of less than one dollar a head.

One Who Lives Inside the City.

## ARE YOU GOING TO DECORATE?



If there is anything in the way of  
**House Painting,**  
**Kalsomining**  
—and—  
**Paper Hanging,**  
Consult us and we will  
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